

**AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE  
TO H.R. 534, as Reported**

[Greenwood, Deutsch, DeGette,  
Kirk, Eshoo, Schiff Amendment]

6

**OFFERED BY MR. GREENWOOD OF PENNSYLVANIA**

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the  
following:

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Cloning Prohibition  
3 Act of 2003”.

4 **SEC. 2. PROHIBITION AGAINST HUMAN CLONING.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Food, Drug, and  
6 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended by add-  
7 ing at the end the following:

8 “CHAPTER X—HUMAN CLONING

9 “PROHIBITION AGAINST HUMAN CLONING

10 “SEC. 1001. (a) NUCLEAR TRANSFER TECH-  
11 NOLOGY.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any  
13 person—

14 “(A) to use or attempt to use human so-  
15 matic cell nuclear transfer technology, or the  
16 product of such technology, to initiate a preg-



1 nancy or with the intent to initiate a pregnancy;  
2 or

3 “(B) to ship, mail, transport, or receive the  
4 product of such technology knowing that the  
5 product is intended to be used to initiate a  
6 pregnancy.

7 “(2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sec-  
8 tion, the term ‘human somatic cell nuclear transfer  
9 technology’ means transferring the nuclear material  
10 of a human somatic cell into an egg cell from which  
11 the nuclear material has been removed or rendered  
12 inert.

13 “(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section may  
14 not be construed as applying to any of the following:

15 “(1) The use of somatic cell nuclear transfer  
16 technology to clone molecules, DNA, cells, or tissues.

17 “(2) The use of mitochondrial, cytoplasmic, or  
18 gene therapy.

19 “(3) The use of in vitro fertilization, the admin-  
20 istration of fertility-enhancing drugs, or the use of  
21 other medical procedures (excluding those using  
22 human somatic cell nuclear transfer or the product  
23 thereof) to assist a woman in becoming or remaining  
24 pregnant.



1           “(4) The use of somatic cell nuclear transfer  
2           technology to clone or otherwise create animals other  
3           than humans.

4           “(5) Any other activity (including biomedical,  
5           microbiological, or agricultural research or practices)  
6           not expressly prohibited in subsection (a).

7           “(c) REGISTRATION.—

8           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Each individual who in-  
9           tends to perform human somatic cell nuclear trans-  
10          fer technology shall, prior to first performing such  
11          technology, register with the Secretary his or her  
12          name and place of business (except that, in the case  
13          of an individual who performed such technology be-  
14          fore the date of the enactment of the Cloning Prohi-  
15          bition Act of 2003, the individual shall so register  
16          not later than 60 days after such date). The Sec-  
17          retary may by regulation require that the registra-  
18          tion provide additional information regarding the  
19          identity and business locations of the individual, and  
20          information on the training and experience of the in-  
21          dividual regarding the performance of such tech-  
22          nology.

23          “(2) ATTESTATION BY RESEARCHER.—A reg-  
24          istration under paragraph (1) shall include a state-  
25          ment, signed by the individual submitting the reg-



1       istration, declaring that the individual is aware of  
2       the prohibitions described in subsection (a) and will  
3       not engage in any violation of such subsection.

4           “(3) CONFIDENTIALITY.—Information provided  
5       in a registration under paragraph (1) shall not be  
6       disclosed to the public by the Secretary except to the  
7       extent that—

8           “(A) the individual submitting the reg-  
9       istration has in writing authorized the disclo-  
10      sure; or

11          “(B) the disclosure does not identify such  
12      individual or any place of business of the indi-  
13      vidual.

14          “(d) APPLICABILITY OF HUMAN SUBJECT PROTEC-  
15      TION STANDARDS.—

16          “(1) IN GENERAL.—Research involving human  
17      somatic cell nuclear transfer technology shall be con-  
18      ducted in accordance with parts 50 and 56 of title  
19      21, Code of Federal Regulations, subject to para-  
20      graph (2). Individuals whose cells are used for such  
21      research shall be considered human subjects for pur-  
22      poses of such parts.

23          “(2) INFORMED CONSENT.—

24           “(A) DONOR OF HUMAN CELLS.—In re-  
25      search involving human somatic cell nuclear



1 transfer technology, human cells may be used  
2 only if, in addition to requirements that apply  
3 under parts 50 and 56 of title 21, Code of Fed-  
4 eral Regulations, the individual who provides  
5 the cells makes a statement in writing, which is  
6 signed by the individual, declaring that—

7 “(i) the individual donates the cells  
8 for purposes of such research;

9 “(ii) the individual understands that  
10 Federal law regulates such technology and  
11 establishes a crime relating to the use of  
12 the technology to initiate a pregnancy; and

13 “(iii) the individual does not intend  
14 for the cells to be used to initiate a preg-  
15 nancy.

16 “(B) ATTESTATION BY RESEARCHERS.—In  
17 research involving human somatic cell nuclear  
18 transfer technology, human cells may be used  
19 only if, in addition to requirements that apply  
20 under parts 50 and 56 of title 21, Code of Fed-  
21 eral Regulations, the individual with the prin-  
22 cipal responsibility for conducting the research  
23 makes a statement in writing, which is signed  
24 by the individual, declaring that the consent of  
25 the donor of the cells for the cells to be used



1 in such research was obtained in accordance  
2 with this subsection.

3 “(e) PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—This section su-  
4 persedes any State or local law that—

5 “(1) establishes prohibitions, requirements, or  
6 authorizations regarding human somatic cell nuclear  
7 transfer technology that are different than, or in ad-  
8 dition to, those established in subsection (a) or (c);  
9 or

10 “(2) with respect to humans, prohibits or re-  
11 stricts research regarding or practices constituting—

12 “(A) somatic cell nuclear transfer;

13 “(B) mitochondrial or cytoplasmic therapy;

14 or

15 “(C) the cloning of molecules, DNA, cells,  
16 tissues, or organs;

17 except that this subsection does not apply to any State  
18 or local law that was in effect as of the day before the  
19 date of the enactment of the Cloning Prohibition Act of  
20 2003.

21 “(f) RIGHT OF ACTION.—This section may not be  
22 construed as establishing any private right of action.

23 “(g) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the  
24 term ‘person’ includes governmental entities.



1       “(h) SUNSET.—This section and section 301(hh) do  
2 not apply to any activity described in subsection (a) that  
3 occurs on or after the expiration of the 10-year period be-  
4 ginning on the date of the enactment of the Cloning Prohi-  
5 bition Act of 2003.”.

6       (b) PROHIBITED ACTS.—

7           (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 301 of the Federal  
8 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is  
9 amended by adding at the end the following:

10       “(hh) The violation of section 1001(a), or the failure  
11 to register in accordance with section 1001(c).”.

12           (2) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Section 303(b) of the  
13 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.  
14 333(b)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
15 lowing:

16       “(7) Notwithstanding subsection (a), any person who  
17 violates section 301(hh) shall be imprisoned not more than  
18 10 years or fined in accordance with title 18, United  
19 States Code, or both.”.

20           (3) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 303 of the Fed-  
21 eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333)  
22 is amended by adding at the end the following:

23       “(h)(1) Any person who violates section 301(hh) or  
24 section 1001(d) shall be liable to the United States for  
25 a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of—



1 “(A) \$10,000,000; or

2 “(B) an amount equal to the amount of any  
3 gross pecuniary gain derived from such violation  
4 multiplied by 2.

5 “(2) Paragraphs (3) through (5) of subsection (g)  
6 apply with respect to a civil penalty under this subsection  
7 to the same extent and in the same manner as such para-  
8 graphs (3) through (5) apply with respect to a civil penalty  
9 under subsection (g).”.

10 (4) FORFEITURE.—Section 303 of the Federal  
11 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended by para-  
12 graph (3), is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
13 lowing:

14 “(i) Any property, real or personal, derived from or  
15 used to commit a violation of section 301(hh), or any prop-  
16 erty traceable to such property, shall be subject to for-  
17 feiture to the United States.”.

18 **SEC. 3. STUDY BY INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and  
20 Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Sec-  
21 retary”) shall request the Institute of Medicine to enter  
22 into an agreement with the Secretary under which such  
23 Institute conducts a study to—





1           (1) review the current state of knowledge about  
2           the biological properties of stem cells obtained from  
3           embryos, fetal tissues, and adult tissues;

4           (2) evaluate the current state of knowledge  
5           about biological differences among stem cells ob-  
6           tained from embryos, fetal tissues, and adult tissues  
7           and the consequences for research and medicine; and

8           (3) assess what is currently known about the  
9           ability of stem cells to generate neurons, heart, kid-  
10          ney, blood, liver and other tissues and the potential  
11          clinical uses of these tissues.

12          (b) OTHER ENTITIES.—If the Institute of Medicine  
13          declines to conduct the study described in subsection (a),  
14          the Secretary shall enter into an agreement with another  
15          appropriate public or nonprofit private entity to conduct  
16          the study.

17          (c) REPORT.—The Secretary shall ensure that, not  
18          later than three years after the date of the enactment of  
19          this Act, the study required in subsection (a) is completed  
20          and a report describing the findings made in the study  
21          is submitted to the Committee on Energy and Commerce  
22          in the House of Representatives and the Committee on  
23          Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions in the Senate.

